

say that is in recognition of the statements that have been made just a few moments ago with regard to the impact that the dumping of steel is having on congressional districts and the people in those congressional districts, the workers in those congressional districts and their families across the country. This is an aggravated symptom of a much larger problem however.

"Mr. Speaker, we are in the midst of a global economic crisis, and one of the features of that global economic crisis is the propensity of some nations in the world suffering the effects of deflation to attempt to dump their products, both manufactured products and commodities, on to the markets of other countries. We are in a most vulnerable position indeed to this particular activity, and we have not done nearly enough to protect our economy from the effects of this kind of dumping.

"One of the things that we ought to do immediately is to petition the Federal Reserve to reduce interest rates substantially so that we may buttress our economy from the effects of this kind of dumping and the larger effects of the global economic crisis.

"In addition to that, we have a major issue that is currently before the Congress with regard to the International Monetary Fund which this Congress has not yet addressed. We need to increase the funding for the IMF, and if we were to do so, that increase in funding would make it less likely that resolutions of this nature would have to be brought to the floor.

"We are in an important issue right now. We need to decide this issue, bring that question of IMF funding before on the floor so that we can have a full and complete debate on it.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. "The Chair would remind the Members that the issue before the Members is neither the advisability of the United States trade policy nor the actions of the administration on trade, but rather the procedural question of whether the resolution offered by the gentleman from Indiana constitutes a question of the privileges of the House under rule IX. The Chair would ask Members to confine their arguments to that issue."

Mr. KUCINICH was recognized and said:

"Mr. Speaker, I rise in favor of a privileged motion for H. Con. Resolution 328 which provides Congress with an opportunity to protect the American steel worker and the American steel industry. I am in concurrence with previous speakers who cited the Constitution of the United States with respect to Congress' ability to protect commerce in this country and to protect the jobs of the people whom we serve.

"Mr. Speaker, I think that we are here as a Congress to say that Congress needs to take action on the crisis posed by cheap subsidized steel imports from developing countries that are trying to earn foreign exchange to repay their

own onerous debts. American steel is under siege, and we need to stand up for American steel and for American jobs.

"So, therefore, I rise in favor of the privileged motion for H. Con. Resolution 328. I ask the Chair to grant the privileged motion. Otherwise I ask Members to vote for a motion to appeal a ruling of the Chair and vote for H. Con. Resolution 328. It is important that we stand up for America and stand up for American steel."

Mr. DOYLE was recognized and said:

"Mr. Speaker, I rise to be heard on the question of privilege offered by the gentleman from Indiana. The resolution under consideration constitutes a question of privilege of the House because trade laws enacted by the House over 60 years ago are being ignored. These laws were specifically designed to ensure that American workers are not hurt by unfair and illegal dumping of manufactured products including steel.

"I am sorry to say that the congressional intent, as represented by the Trade and Tariff Act of 1930, is specifically ignored. This is an external crisis caused by steel dumping in the U.S. by foreign producers for whom any price for steel is higher than the price they would get at home.

"Because of a result of the Asian and Russian financial crisis, there is no market for steel in their home countries. This is a crisis addressable by laws currently in effect which are not being enforced.

"U.S. steel remains very competitive. But steel was being dumped in the U.S. at below the cost of production, which is illegal and a violation of the laws that the Legislative Branch has enacted. U.S. trade laws are supposed to be enforced by the Executive Branch. The administration has failed to stop these illegal activities, and the dignity of this House is being impugned. I urge the support of the resolution."

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. CALVERT, ruled that the resolution submitted did not present a question of the privileges of the House under rule IX, and said:

"The Chair is prepared to rule on whether the resolution offered by the gentleman from Indiana (Mr. VISCLOSKEY) presents a question of the privileges of the House under rule IX.

"The resolution offered by the gentleman from Indiana calls upon the President to address a trade imbalance in the area of steel imports. Specifically, the resolution calls upon the President to pursue enhanced enforcement of trade laws, to establish a task force on monitoring imports, and to submit a report to Congress by the date certain on that matter.

"A resolution expressing the legislative sentiment that the President should take specified action to achieve desired public policy end does not present the question affecting the rights of the House, collectively, its safety, dignity, or integrity of its proceedings as required under rule IX.

"In the opinion of the Chair, the resolution offered by the gentleman from Indiana is purely a legislative proposition, properly initiated through the introduction in the hopper under clause 4 of rule 22.

"The Chair will note a recent relevant precedent on this point. On February 7, 1995, Speaker GINGRICH ruled, consistent with the landmark ruling of May 6, 1921 by Speaker Gillett, that a resolution invoking the legislative powers enumerated in the Constitution and requiring a multifaceted evaluation and report by the Comptroller General on the proposed support of the Mexican pesos did not constitute the question of the privileges of the House.

"In his ruling, Speaker GINGRICH stated: 'Were the Chair to rule otherwise, then any alleged infringement by the Executive Branch, even, for example, through the regulatory process conferred on Congress by the Constitution would give rise to a question of the privileges of the House.'

"Although constitutional prerogatives have not been invoked in the text of the resolution before us today, the principle put forth in the 1995 ruling is nevertheless pertinent, as evidenced by the debate on this question. To permit a question of the privileges of the House addressing presidential trade policy through the mere invocation of the Constitution would permit any Member to advance virtually any legislative proposal as a question of the privileges of the House.

"Accordingly, the resolution offered by the gentleman from Indiana does not request constitute a question of the privileges of the House under rule IX and may not be considered at this time."

Mr. VISCLOSKEY appealed the ruling of the Chair.

Will the decision of the Chair stand as the judgment of the House?

Mr. DAVIS of Virginia, moved to lay the appeal on the table.

The question being put, viva voce,

Will the House lay on the table the appeal of the ruling of the Chair?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. CALVERT, announced that the yeas had it.

Mr. VISCLOSKEY objected to the vote on the ground that a quorum was not present and not voting.

A quorum not being present,

The roll was called under clause 4, rule XV, and the call was taken by electronic device.

When there appeared { Yeas 219
Nays 204

¶107.10

[Roll No. 512]

YEAS—219

Aderholt	Bateman	Bryant
Archer	Bereuter	Bunning
Armey	Bilbray	Burr
Bachus	Bilirakis	Burton
Baker	Bliley	Buyer
Ballenger	Blunt	Callahan
Barr	Boehlert	Calvert
Barrett (NE)	Boehner	Camp
Bartlett	Bonilla	Campbell
Barton	Bono	Canady
Bass	Brady (TX)	Cannon

Castle
Chabot
Chambliss
Chenoweth
Christensen
Coble
Coburn
Combest
Cook
Cooksey
Cox
Crane
Crapo
Cubin
Cunningham
Davis (VA)
Deal
DeLay
Diaz-Balart
Dickey
Doolittle
Dreier
Duncan
Dunn
Ehlers
Ehrlich
Emerson
English
Ensign
Everett
Ewing
Fawell
Foley
Forbes
Fossella
Fowler
Fox
Franks (NJ)
Frelinghuysen
Gallegly
Ganske
Gekas
Gibbons
Gilchrist
Gilman
Goodlatte
Goodling
Goss
Graham
Granger
Greenwood
Gutknecht
Hansen
Hastert
Hastings (WA)
Hayworth
Hefley
Herger
Hill
Hilleary
Hobson

NAYS—204

Abercrombie
Ackerman
Allen
Andrews
Baesler
Baldacci
Barcia
Barrett (WI)
Becerra
Bentsen
Berry
Bishop
Blagojevich
Blumenauer
Bonior
Borski
Boswell
Boyd
Brady (PA)
Brown (CA)
Brown (FL)
Brown (OH)
Capps
Cardin
Carson
Clay
Clayton
Clement
Clyburn
Condit
Conyers
Costello
Coyne
Cramer
Cummings
Danner

Davis (FL)
Davis (IL)
DeFazio
DeGette
Delahunt
DeLauro
Deutsch
Dicks
Dingell
Dixon
Doggett
Dooley
Doyle
Edwards
Engel
Eshoo
Etheridge
Evans
Farr
Fattah
Fazio
Filner
Frank (MA)
Frost
Furse
Gejdenson
Gephardt
Gonzalez
Goode
Gordon
Green
Gutierrez
Hall (OH)
Hall (TX)
Hamilton

Radanovich
Ramstad
Redmond
Regula
Riggs
Riley
Rogan
Rogers
Rohrabacher
Ros-Lehtinen
Roukema
Royce
Ryun
Salmon
Sanford
Saxton
Scarborough
Schaefer, Dan
Schaffer, Bob
Sensenbrenner
Sessions
Shadegg
Shaw
Shays
Shimkus
Leach
Lewis (CA)
Lewis (KY)
Linder
Livingston
LoBiondo
Lucas
Manzullo
McCollum
McCrery
McDade
McHugh
McInnis
McIntosh
McKeon
Mica
Miller (FL)
Moran (KS)
Morella
Myrick
Northup
Norwood
Nussle
Oxley
Packard
Pappas
Paul
Paxon
Pease
Peterson (PA)
Petri
Pickering
Pitts
Pombo
Porter
Portman
Quinn

Harman
Hastings (FL)
Hilliard
Hinchey
Hinojosa
Holden
Hooley
Horn
Hoyer
Jackson (IL)
Jackson-Lee
(TX)
Jefferson
John
Johnson (WI)
Johnson, E.B.
Kanjorski
Kaptur
Kennedy (MA)
Kennedy (RI)
Kildee
Kilpatrick
Kind (WI)
Kleczka
Klink
Kucinich
LaFalce
Lampson
Lantos
Lee
Levin
Lewis (GA)
Lipinski
Lofgren
Lowey
Luther

Maloney (CT)
Maloney (NY)
Manton
Markey
Martinez
Mascara
Matsui
McCarthy (MO)
McCarthy (NY)
McDermott
McGovern
McHale
McIntyre
McKinney
McNulty
Meehan
Meek (FL)
Meeks (NY)
Menendez
Metcalf
Millender-
McDonald
Miller (CA)
Minge
Mink
Moakley
Mollohan
Moran (VA)
Murtha
Nadler
Neal
Neumann
Ney

Berman
Boucher
Collins
Hefner

NOT VOTING—11

Kennelly
Lazio
Nethercutt
Parker

Slaughter
Smith, Adam
Snyder
Spratt
Stabenow
Stark
Stenholm
Stokes
Strickland
Stupak
Tanner
Tauscher
Taylor (MS)
Thompson
Thurman
Tierney
Torres
Towns
Traficant
Turner
Velazquez
Vento
Visclosky
Waters
Watt (NC)
Waxman
Wexler
Weygand
Wise
Woolsey
Wynn
Yates

Poshard
Pryce (OH)
Rangel

Forbes
Fossella
Fowler
Fox
Franks (NJ)
Frelinghuysen
Gallegly
Ganske
Gekas
Gibbons
Gilchrist
Gillmor
Gilman
Goodlatte
Goodling
Goss
Graham
Granger
Greenwood
Gutknecht
Hansen
Hastert
Hastings (WA)
Hayworth
Hefley
Herger
Hill
Hilleary
Hobson
Hoekstra
Horn
Hostettler
Houghton
Hulshof
Hunter
Hutchinson
Hyde
Inglis
Istook
Jenkins
Johnson (CT)
Johnson, Sam
Jones
Kasich
Kelly
Kim
King (NY)
Kingston
Klug
Knollenberg
Kolbe
LaHood

Largent
Latham
LaTourette
Leach
Lewis (CA)
Lewis (KY)
Linder
Livingston
LoBiondo
Lucas
Manzullo
McCollum
McCrery
McDade
McHugh
McInnis
McIntosh
McKeon
Mica
Miller (FL)
Moran (KS)
Morella
Myrick
Neumann
Ney
Northup
Norwood
Nussle
Oxley
Packard
Pappas
Paul
Paxon
Pease
Peterson (PA)
Petri
Pickering
Pitts
Pombo
Porter
Portman
Quinn
Radanovich
Ramstad
Redmond
Regula
Riggs
Riley
Rogan
Rogers
Rohrabacher
Ros-Lehtinen

NAYS—201

Abercrombie
Ackerman
Allen
Andrews
Baesler
Baldacci
Barcia
Barrett (WI)
Becerra
Bentsen
Berry
Bishop
Blagojevich
Blumenauer
Bonior
Borski
Boswell
Boyd
Brady (PA)
Brown (CA)
Brown (FL)
Brown (OH)
Capps
Cardin
Carson
Clay
Clayton
Clement
Clyburn
Condit
Conyers
Costello
Coyne
Cramer
Cummings
Danner
Davis (FL)
Davis (IL)
DeFazio
DeGette
Delahunt
DeLauro
Deutsch
Dicks
Dingell
Dixon

Doggett
Dooley
Doyle
Edwards
Engel
Eshoo
Etheridge
Evans
Farr
Fattah
Fazio
Filner
Ford
Frank (MA)
Frost
Furse
Gejdenson
Gephardt
Gonzalez
Goode
Gordon
Green
Gutierrez
Hall (OH)
Hall (TX)
Hamilton
Harman
Hastings (FL)
Hilliard
Hinchey
Hinojosa
Holden
Hooley
Hoyer
Jackson (IL)
Jackson-Lee
(TX)
Jefferson
John
Johnson (WI)
Johnson, E. B.
Kanjorski
Kaptur
Kennedy (MA)
Kennedy (RI)
Kildee

Roukema
Royce
Ryun
Salmon
Sanford
Saxton
Scarborough
Schaefer, Dan
Schaffer, Bob
Sensenbrenner
Sessions
Shadegg
Shaw
Shays
Shimkus
Shuster
Skeen
Smith (MI)
Smith (NJ)
Smith (OR)
Smith (TX)
Smith, Linda
Snowbarger
Solomon
Souder
Spence
Stearns
Stump
Sununu
Talent
Tauzin
Taylor (NC)
Thomas
Thornberry
Thune
Tiahrt
Upton
Walsh
Wamp
Watkins
Watts (OK)
Weldon (FL)
Weldon (PA)
Weller
White
Whitfield
Wicker
Wilson
Wolf
Young (AK)
Young (FL)

So the motion to lay the appeal of the ruling of the Chair on the table was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said motion was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

107.11 H. RES. 589—UNFINISHED BUSINESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. CALVERT, pursuant to clause 5, rule I, announced the unfinished business to be the question on the motion on ordering the previous question on the resolution (H. Res. 589) waiving a requirement of clause 4(b) of rule XI with respect to consideration of certain resolutions reported from the Committee on Rules, and for other purposes.

The question being put,

Will the House suspend the rules and agree to said motion?

The vote was taken by electronic device.

It was decided in the { Yeas 221
affirmative } Nays 201

107.12 [Roll No. 513] YEAS—221

Aderholt
Archer
Armey
Bachus
Baker
Ballenger
Barr
Barrett (NE)
Bartlett
Barton
Bass
Bateman
Bereuter
Bilbray
Bilirakis
Bliley
Blunt
Boehlert
Boehner
Bonilla
Bono
Brady (TX)

Bryant
Bunning
Burr
Burton
Buyer
Callahan
Calvert
Camp
Campbell
Canady
Cannon
Castle
Chabot
Chambliss
Chenoweth
Christensen
Coble
Coburn
Combest
Cook
Cooksey
Cox

Crane
Crapo
Cubin
Cunningham
Davis (VA)
Deal
DeLay
Diaz-Balart
Dickey
Doolittle
Dreier
Duncan
Dunn
Ehlers
Ehrlich
Emerson
English
Ensign
Everett
Ewing
Fawell
Foley